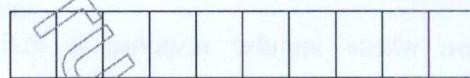


# CBCS Scheme

USN



15EC44

## Fourth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Dec.2017/Jan,2018 Signals and Systems

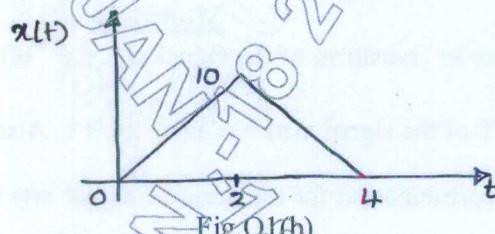
Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 80

**Note:** Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.

### Module-1

1. a. Find odd and even components of the following signals.
  - i)  $x(t) = 1 + t \cos t + t^2 \sin t + t^3 \cos^2 t \sin t$
  - ii)  $x(t) = 1 + t^2 \cos^2 t + t^3 \sin^3 t + t^4 \cos t$ .(08 Marks)
- b. For the signal  $x(t)$  shown in Fig.Q1(b) find and plot.
  - i)  $x(-2t - 4)$
  - ii)  $x(-3t + 2)$
  - iii)  $x(2(-t - 1))$ .(08 Marks)



**OR**

2. a. Determine whether the system described by the following input/output relationship is memoryless, causal, time – invariant or linear.
  - i)  $y(n) = e^{x(n)}$
  - ii)  $y(t) = \frac{1}{C} \int_{-\infty}^t x(\tau) d\tau$ .(08 Marks)
- b. Given the signal  $x(n) = (8 - n)[u(n) - u(n - 8)]$ . Find and sketch
  - i)  $y_1(n) = x[4 - n]$
  - ii)  $y_2(n) = x[2n - 3]$ .(08 Marks)

### Module-2

3. a. Find the convolution integral of  $x_1(t) = e^{-2t} u(t)$  and  $x_2(t) = u(t + 2)$ .
 (08 Marks)
- b. Find  $y(n) = \beta^n u(n) * \alpha^n u(n)$ . Given :  $|\beta| < 1$  and  $|\alpha| < 1$ .
 (04 Marks)
- c. Find  $y(n) = x_1(n) * x_2(n)$   
 Where  $x_1(n) = \begin{cases} 1, & n = 1 \\ 2, & n = 2 \\ 3, & n = 3 \end{cases}$  and  
 $x_2(n) = \begin{cases} 1, & n = 1 \\ 2, & n = 2 \\ 3, & n = 3 \\ 4, & n = 4 \end{cases}$ .
 (04 Marks)

**OR**

4. a. Convolute the two continuous time signals  $x_1(t)$  and  $x_2(t)$  given below :
 
$$x_1(t) = \cos \pi t [u(t + 1) - u(t - 3)]$$
 and  $x_2(t) = u(t)$ .
 (08 Marks)
- b. Evaluate  $y(n) = \beta^n u(n) * u(n - 3)$  given:  $|\beta| < 1$ .
 (04 Marks)
- c. Show that : i)  $x(n) * \delta(n) = x(n)$     ii)  $x(n) * \delta(n - n_0) = x(n - n_0)$ .
 (04 Marks)

Module-3

- 5 a. Check the following systems for memory less, causality and stability :  
 i)  $h(n) = (-0.25)^{|n|}$  ii)  $h(t) = e^{2t} u(t - 1)$ . (06 Marks)
- b. Find the step response of an LTI system whose impulse response is defined by  

$$h(n) = \sum_{k=0}^2 \delta(n - k)$$
. (04 Marks)
- c. Evaluate the DTFS representation for the signal  $x(n) = \sin\left(\frac{4\pi}{21}n\right) + \cos\left(\frac{10\pi}{21}n\right) + 1$ . Also draw its magnitude and phase spectra. (06 Marks)

OR

- 6 a. Find the step response of an LTI system whose impulse response is given by  
 i)  $h(t) = e^{-|t|}$  ii)  $h(t) = t^2 u(t)$ . (06 Marks)
- b. State any six properties of DTFS. (06 Marks)
- c. Determine DTFS of the signal  $x(n) = \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{3}n\right)$ . Also draw its spectra. (04 Marks)

Module-4

- 7 a. Obtain the Fourier transform of the signal  $x(t) = e^{-at} u(t)$ ;  $a > 0$ . Also draw its magnitude and phase spectra. (06 Marks)
- b. Find the DTFT of the signal  $x(n) = \alpha^n u(n)$ ;  $|\alpha| < 1$ . Also draw its magnitude spectra. (04 Marks)
- c. Find the FT representation for the periodic signal  $x(t) = \cos \omega_0 t$  and also draw its spectrum. (06 Marks)

OR

- 8 a. Find the FT of the signum function  $x(t) = sgn(t)$ . Draw the magnitude and phase spectra. (06 Marks)
- b. Find the DTFT of  $\delta(n)$  and draw the spectrum. (04 Marks)
- c. Find the FT of the periodic impulse train  $\delta_{T_0}(t) = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} \delta(t - kT_0)$  and draw the spectrum. (06 Marks)

Module-5

- 9 a. Find Z.T of the following sequences and also sketch their RoC :  
 i)  $x(n) = \sin \Omega n u(n)$  ii)  $x(n) = (\frac{1}{2})^n u(n) + (-2)^n u(-n-1)$ . (08 Marks)
- b. Find IZT of the following sequence  $x(z) = \frac{(\frac{1}{4})z^{-1}}{(1 - \frac{1}{2}z^{-1})(1 - \frac{1}{4}z^{-1})}$  with  $\text{RoC } \frac{1}{4} < |z| < \frac{1}{2}$ . (08 Marks)

OR

- 10 a. State and prove the following properties of ZT  
 i) Time reversal property ii) differentiation property.  
 b. Find IZT of the following sequence using partial fraction expansion method :

$$x(z) = \frac{z[2z - \frac{3}{2}]}{z^2 - \frac{3}{2}z + \frac{1}{2}}$$

Given : i)  $\text{RoC} : |z| < \frac{1}{2}$  ; ii)  $\text{RoC} : |z| > 1$  ; iii)  $\text{RoC} : \frac{1}{2} < |z| < 1$ .

(08 Marks)

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